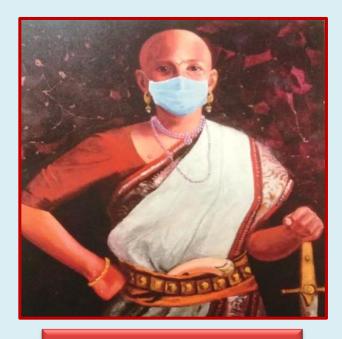
B. K. L. Walawalkar Hospital, Diagnostic & Research Centre

Kasarwadi, A/P. Sawarde, Tal. Chiplun, Dist. Ratnagiri, Maharashtra, 415606 Contact No. 9922566639 / 9272897834

COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CARE DEPARTMENT



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Details of Cancer Screening Program in collaboration with Tata Memorial Centre

PREVENTIVE ONCOLOGY SERVICES

MEDICAL ONCOLOGY

SURGICAL ONCOLOGY

RADIATION ONCOLOGY

PALLIATIVE CARE

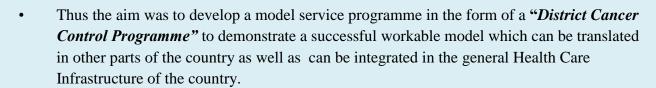
DORMITORY FACILITY

PREVENTIVE ONCOLOGY SERVICES

1. TMCROP (Tata Memorial Centre Rural Outreach Program)

B.K.L.Walawalkar hospital is an outreach centre for TMH since 2003 and has under taken TMCROP Cancer Screening Program in Ratnagiri & Sindhudurg districts during 2003 – 2012

- Mandate of TMH to extend its Cancer Control & Prevention services to the rural areas for the benefit of the underserved population.
- TMH has devoted considerable time and resources towards development of simple cost effective technologies for the early detection of common cancers.



- Konkan belt (Ratnagiri & Sindhudurg) was chosen as it was the most under served in terms of cancer care and prevention facilities. Also more approachable for regular monitoring and surveillance activities.
- Currently cancer screening activity is going on on regular basis











2. Cancer Registry (Ratnagiri + Sindhudurg) collaboration with TMC

Tata Memorial Outreach Programme was started in the Ratnagiri district with the



collaboration of BKL Walawalkar Hospital, Dervan in August 2003. The screening program was primarily to screen for detection of head and neck, breast and cervix cancers. Since this screening was an ongoing service oriented activity, it was necessary to follow-up the cases. Thus under these circumstances, it was proposed and initiated to set up the population based cancer registry in the Ratnagiri district. Also, due to the fact that there was no cancer statistics available from the Ratnagiri district. Therefore, establishing a cancer registry was

essential. Registry started functioning formally in Feb. 2009.

Project Objective

- Generating reliable data on the magnitude and patterns of cancer this would be based on Morbidity and Mortality information according to age, sex and residence of the patient, anatomical site of cancer etc.
- Undertaking epidemiologic research, such as case control or cohort studies based on observations of registry data.
- Providing database for developing appropriate strategies to aid in District Cancer Control Programme this would be in the form of planning, monitoring and evaluation of activities under this programme
- Developing human resource in Cancer registration and Epidemiology.

The project has an excellent potential for community based epidemiological study to

identify the risk factors. the registry's outcome can be improved from time-to-time. The land terrains of Ratnagiri (Konkan area) are difficult to approach and the registry staff have been trained adequately and instructed to maximize the visit to these areas through proper planning prior to the visit.

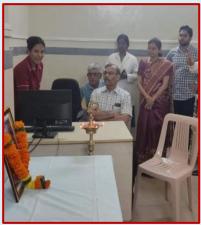
There was no major cancer hospital in Ratnagiri district. BKL Walawalkar hospital, a General hospital in Dervan, Chiplun taluka has developed into a

comprehensive cancer center with the help of Tata Memorial Hospital (TMH), Mumbai, in patient care, service, research and education in cancer.

Registry Methodology

- ➤ Follow up -For mortality data By Household visit, By phone calls
- ➤ Quality Control Checks Duplicate Checks Duplicates checks are done by comparing various fields like name, address, sex, age and site. There are two methods to find out the duplicates Manual method by using the index card and Electronic method through the software.
- ➤ Residence Confirmation Residence confirmation is done by house visits on given address or through the telephone numbers if available.
- ➤ **Re-checking -** 5 % of the cases are re-approached for collection of information which includes visits to the labs, hospitals, house etc. and the data which is already collected is checked again. This will ensure the correctness of the information.
- ➤ **HBCR** Hospital Based Cancer Registry was Started on 18th February 2023 and it was inaugurated by Dr. Shripad Banavali & Dr. Mahendra Gulati.





3. Chest Project (cancer of Hypo pharynx Esophagus Screening Trial)-with TMC

Effect of screening with visual examination on oral cancer mortality in Ratnagiri district, Maharashtra – A cluster randomized controlled trial.

Project objective

- To assess the effect of screening using visual examination by trained health workers on oral cancer-related mortality.
- To assess improvement in survival after a diagnosis of oral cancer.
- To identify possible etiological factors in a high risk rural population in Ratnagiri district of Maharashtra.













COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CARE UNIT

MEDICAL ONCOLOGY

The department caters the medical needs of cancer patients and is accompanied by trained residential doctors and full time medical oncologist from Tata Hospital is posted at B.K.L.Walawalkar Hospital to offer chemotherapy facility. The sophisticated medical intensive care unit (MICU) is well equipped with all facilities. This institute has got separate wards for cancer patients where Chemotherapy is administered as per standard as well as locally developed

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protocols. Chemotherapy is the administration of cytotoxic drugs and more



recently biological to destroy the cancer cells. It is one of the multidisciplinary approaches for the treatment of cancers and has become the mainstay of treatment for almost all malignancies especially in Leukaemia's (Blood Cancer), Lymphomas, Germ cell tumour and Choriocarcinoma, Cancer Breast and Ovary to name a few. The

department on a regular basis gives high dose chemotherapy as per the requirements. Oral Metronomic Chemotherapy is also available.

The following services are offered by the department:

Emergencies are attended round the clock

- Outpatient department
- Day care chemotherapy
- > In patient chemotherapy

In Patient Services:

- 1. Nutritional assessment and supplementation to the patients.
- 2. Planning the diets and counselling the patients according to their individual needs, medical conditions and treatment.
- 3. Taking care of the food services by planning different menus for the various diets like liquids, normal diet, diabetic diet etc.., and supervision of the food services and quality check of the food prepared.









Supportive Facilities:

Radiology services	Laboratory	Inpatient Facilities
CT Scanner - 2	Biochemistry	Number of major OT-10
MRI	Haematology & Clinical	Number of minor OT-8
	Pathology	
X-ray unit (digital) -5	Blood Components &	Central Sterilization Services Department
	transfusion services	(CSSD)
X-ray unit (non-digital)-4	Microbiology &virology	
Mammography	Histopathology	Pharmacy
	& Cytology	
ECG/EEG	Immunology	In house Pharmacy Services
2D Echo	Genomic analysis	24*7 pharmacy
Ultrasound (non-Doppler) -4	Immunohistochemistry	
	tumor markers	
Color Doppler ultrasound3		



Free Medical Oncology Treatment under Mahatma Jyotirao Phule Jan Arogya Yojana for economically backward patients

Breast	Terminally Ill	
Multiple Myeloma	Vulval Cancer	
Wilm'S Tumor	Rectal Cancer Stage 2 And 3	
Hepatoblastoma -Operable	Febrile Neutropenia Fn High Risk 2	
Cervix	Vaginal Cancer	
Childhood B-Cell Lymphomas	Ovary	
Neuroblastoma Stage I –Iii	Small Cell Lung Cancer	
Retinoblastoma	Ovary Germ Cell Tumour	
Histocytosis	Gestational Trophoblast Ds. Low Risk	
Rhabdomyosarcoma	Testis	
Ewing'S Sarcoma	Prostate	
Urinary Bladder	Oncologyoesophagus	
Acute Myeloid Leukemia	Stomach	
Acute Lymphatic Leukemia	Colon Rectum	
Unlisted Regimen	Bone Tumors/Osteosarcoma	
Lymphoma Nhl	Lymphoma, Hodgkin'S	

Cyclonhogyhonyido / Mothetyeyete /	2nd Line Iv Antibiotics And Other	
Cyclophosphamide / Methotraxate /	Supportive Therapy(Carbapenems, Fourth	
5flurouracil	Generation Cephalosporins, Piperacillin,	
	Anti-Fungal . Azoles Etc.,)	
	1st Line Iv Antibiotics And Other	
Tamoxifen Tabs - Per month	Supportive Therapy (Third Generation	
	Cephalosporin, Aminoglycoside Etc.,)	
Adriamycin/Cyclophosphamide (Ac)	Cisplastin/5-FU	
5- Flurouracil A-C (FAC)	Carboplastin/ Paclitaxel	
AC (AC Then T)	Cisplastin/Etoposide (IIIB)	
Paclitaxel/Docitaxel	Bleomycin-Etoposide-Cisplastin (BEP)	
Hormonal Treatment - Per month (Letrozole/Tamoxifen)	Actinomycin	
Bortezomib+Lenoladom	***	
ide+Dexamethasone/Cyclophosphamide+Bor	Weekly Methotrexate	
tezomib+Dexamethasone		
Vincristin, Adriamycin, Dexamethasone	Etoposide - Methotrexate - Actinomycin /	
(VAD)	Cyclophosphamide Avincristine (EMA-CO)	
Thalidomide+Dexamethasone(Oral)	Bleomycin-Etoposide-Cisplastin (BEP)	
Melphalan+Thalidomide+Prednisone Oral	Hormonal Therapy - Per month	
Zoledronic Acid/Pamindronic acid Along	Cignlectin SEU	
With any chemotherapy regime	Cisplastin- 5FU	
SIOP/NWTS Regimen (Stages I III) - Per month	5-Fu Leucovorin (MCDONALD Regimen)	
Cisplastin Adriamycin	5- Flurouracil-Oxaliplastin Leucovorin (Folfox) (Stage III Only)	
Cervical Cancer Weekly Cisplastin	Monthly 5-FU/Capacitabine	
Variable Regimen Inv - Hematology -		
Payable maximum upto	Cisplatin/Adriamycin/Ifosfamide	
Variable Regimen Inv - X-Ray/CT Scan -	Adriamycin Bleomycin Vinblastin	
Payable maximum upto/Per month	Dacarbazine (ABVD)	
Carbo/Etoposide/Vincristin	"Cyclophosphamide Adriamycin Vincristin Prdnisone (CHOP)+Rituximab/Bendamustine+Rituxi mab/R-	
	CVPChlorambicil+Rituximab/Fludarabine +Rituximab''	
Variable Regimen Inv - CT, Biopsy - Payable maximum upto	Gemcitabine + cisplatin	
Vincristin-Actinomycin- Cyclophosphamide (VACTC) Based Chemo - Per month	Brain GBM(Temozolomide) (per month)	
Variable Regimen Inv - Hematology, Biopsy -	Radioiodine ablation therapy for cancer	
Payable maximum upto	thyroid	
Bladder Cancer Weekly Cisplastin	Induction 1st And 2 nd Months - Payable maximum upto	
Methotraxate Vinblastin Adriamycin	Induction 3rd, 4th, 5th months - Payable	
Cyclophosphamide	maximum upto	
Induction Phase - Payable maximum upto	Palliative Chemotherapy -Unlisted Regimen - Payable maximum upto per cycle	
Consolidation Phase - Payable maximum upto	Palliative And Supportive Therapy - Per month	
Maintenance Phase - Per month	Cisplastin/5-FU	
Maintenance Phase - Per month	Xelox Along With Adjuvant Chemotherapy Of AS-I	

VARIOUS SCHEMES FOR CANCER PATIENTS

- Mahatma Jyotibha Phule Jan Aaroya Yojana (cashless treatment for all types of cancers) for orange and yellow ration card holders.
- Indian Cancer Society (cashless treatment for all types of cancers Annual Income up to 4 lakhs)
- Arun-Kurkure Initiation & Treatment Fund (AKITF) (Initial investigations, diagnosis and primary treatment of cancer annual income up to 4 lakhs) for curable cancer with good survival
- Rotary Club of Bombay Queen's Necklace Charitable Trust-(Initial investigations, diagnosis and primary treatment of cancer annual income up to 4 lakhs)
- Caner Care Fund for investigations and follow ups
- Cancer Nutrition Program free Nutritional Ladoo Distribution by BKLW Hospital
- Walawalkar Health Scheme for patients in below poverty.
- Ila Madan funds (Initial investigations, diagnosis and primary treatment of cancer annual income up to 4 lakhs)





• Free food program for cancer patients











SURGICAL ONCOLOGY

The Department of Surgical Oncology has expertise to deal with head & neck, thoracic, breast, soft tissue, and gastrointestinal, urologic and gynecologic malignancies. The Surgical Oncology department has a team of qualified and very well trained surgical oncologists who are well accomplished to carry out the complex surgeries on all types of cancers of the body as per the latest approved international standards and protocols. They are ably complemented by the state of the art operation theatres, modern and scientifically updated instruments and machineries. The surgical team is backed by a team of highly trained & competent anesthetists and by a well-equipped post -operative intensive (ICU) & Surgical Intensive Care Units (SICU), monitored round the clock by the trained





team of doctors. The department forms the backbone of the comprehensive cancer care of the patient that the hospital offers in a structured coordinated multidisciplinary approach - for the treatment of patients suffering from cancer with the aim of patient care, complete cure, and rehabilitation.

Free Surgical Oncology Treatment under Mahatma Jyotirao Phule Jan Arogya Yojana for economically backward patients

Hemiglossectomy	Internal Hemipelvectomy	
Maxillectomy Any Type	Curettage & Bone Cement	
Neck Dissection Any Type	Forequarter Amputation	
Laryngectomy Any Type	Hemipelvectomy	
Laryngo Pharyngo Oesophagectomy	Sacral Resection	
Thyroidectomy Any Type	Bone Resection	
Parotidectomy Any Type	Shoulder Girdle Resection	
Composite Resection & Reconstruction	Limb Salvage Surgery With Modular Prosthesis	
Hemimandibulectomy	Emasculation	
Small Bowel Resection	Radical Cystectomy	
Abdomino Perineal Resection (Apr) + Sacrectomy	Nephroureterectomy For Transitional Cell Carcinima Of Renal Pelvis	
Closure Of Ileostomy	Radical Nephrectomy	
Closure Of Colostomy	Partial Penectomy	
Total Exenteration	Inguinal Block Dissection One Side	
Whipples Any Type	Other Cystectomies	
Tripple Bypass	Total Penectomy	
Anterior Resection	Partial Nephrectomy	
Abdominoperineal Resection	Bilateral Orchidectomy	
Other Bypasses-Pancreas	Radical Prostatectomy	
Gastrectomy Any Type	High Orchidectomy	
Colectomy Any Type	Retro Peritoneal Lymph Node Dissection(RPLND) (For Residual Disease)	
Oesophagectomy Any Type	Retro Peritoneal Lymph Node Dissection Rplnd As Part Of Staging	
Radical Cholecystectomy	Adrenalectomy	
Splenectomy	Urinary Diversion	
Resection Of Retroperitoneal Tumours	Anterior/Posterior Exenteration	
Abdominal Wall Tumour Resection	Total Exenteration	
Resection With Reconstruction of Abdominal Wall Tumour	Bilateral Pelvic Lymph Node Dissection(BPLND) for CA Urinary Bladder	
Bilateral Pelvic Lymph Node Dissection(BPLND)	Mediastinal Tumour Resection	
Radical Vaginectomy + Reconstruction	Lung Metastatectomy. Multiple	
Total Pelvic Exenteration	Oesophagectomy With Two Field Lymphadenectomy	
Total Abdominal Hysterectomy(TAH) + Bilateral Salpingo Ophorectomy (BSO) + Bilateral Pelvic Lymph Node Dissection (BPLND) + Omentectomy	Oesophagectomy With Three Field Lymphadenectomy	
Maxillectomy + Orbital Exenteration	Tracheostomy	

Maxillectomy + Infratemporal Fossa Clearance	Ileotransverse Colostomy	
Orbital Exenteration	Jejunostomy	
Cranio Facial Resection	Ileostomy	
Chest Wall Resection	Gastrostomy	
Chest Wall Resection + Reconstruction	Intercostal Drainage(ICD)	
Limb Salvage Surgery Without Prosthesis	Gastro Jejunostomy	
Limb Salvage Surgery With Custom Made Prosthesis	Colostomy	
Myocutaneous / Cutaneous Flap	Resection Of Nasopharyngeal Tumour	
Surgery For Ca Ovary Advance Stage	Micro Vascular Reconstruction	
Vulvectomy	Skin Tumours Wide Excision + Reconstruction	
Salpino Oophorectomy	Skin Tumours Amputation	
Mastectomy Any Type	Skin Tumours Wide Excision	
Axillary Dissection	Wide Excision for tumour	
Wide Excision of Breast for Tumour	Wide Excision soft tissue/Bone Tumours	
Chest Wall Resection	Wide Excision + Reconstruction soft tissue/Bone Tumours	
Lumpectomy Breast	Amputation for soft tissue/Bone Tumours	
Breast Reconstruction	Marginal Mandibulectomy	
Oesophageal stenting including stent cost	Segmental Mandibulectomy	
Submandibular Gland Excision	Total Glossectomy + Reconstruction	
Tracheal Resection	Full Thickness Buccal Mucosal Resection & Reconstruction	
Tracheal Resection	Sleeve Resection	
Parathyroidectomy		

RADIATION ONCOLOGY

Hospital has one of the largest radiation oncology departments in Konkan region. Padma Vibhushan Dr. Anil Kakodkar, Chairman Department of Atomic Energy inaugurated Radiotherapy unit "BHABHATRON-2" on 7th February 2009.

Radiation oncologists from B.K.L.Walawalakar hospital in collaboration with technical support from Tata Hospital carry out radiation on all types of cancer. Following equipment is available in the department.

List of Equipment in Radiation Oncology Department

MACHINE	MODEL – COMPANY	TECHNIQUE
LINAC	Halcyon-Varian	1. 3D CRT
		2. IMRT+IGRT
		3. VMAT(Rapid Arc Therapy)
TALE COBALT	Bhabhatron II-Pancecia	1. Conventional
		2. 3D CRT
HDR BRACHYTHERAPY	Microselectron Nucletrone	1. Intestitial
		2. Intraluminal
		3. Surface Mould
		4. Intracavitrary
CT SIMULATIOR	Siemens	1. For planning Purpose
MOULD ROOM		1. Orfit For Fixation
		2. Vac Lock
		3. Wax Bolus Etc



Free Radiation Oncology Treatment under Mahatma Jyotirao Phule Jan Arogya Yojana for economically backward patients

Palliative Treatment	
Radical Treatment	
Adjuvant Treatment	
Radical Treatment With Photons	
Adjuvant Treatment With Photons/Electrons	
Palliative Treatment With Photons	
A) Intracavitary I. LDR Per Application	
A) Intracavitary II. HDR Per Application	
B) Interstitial II. HDR One Application And Multiple Dose Fractions	
B) Interstitial I. LDR Per Application	
IMRT-Up To 40 Fractions In 8 Weeks	
3DCRT-Up To 30 Fractions In 6 Weeks	
SRS/SRT upto 5 fractions	
VMAT Therapy-Up To 40 Fractions In 8 Weeks	
IMRT+IGRT-Up To 40 Fractions In 8 Weeks	
Tomotherapy(Radical/Adjuvant/Neoadjuvant)	

PALLIATIVE CARE

Palliative care is care meant to improve the quality of life of patients who have a serious or life-threatening disease, such as cancer. It can be given with or without curative care. Palliative care is an approach to care that addresses the person as a whole, not just their disease

Palliative care may be provided at any point during cancer care, from diagnosis to the end of life. When a person receives palliative care, they may continue to receive cancer treatment.





DORMITORY FACILITY

Dormitory is available for poor patients free of cost. The majority of patients coming to Hospital for surgery or post-surgical treatment (radiotherapy, chemotherapy, etc.) need a place to stay while undergoing treatment. Anyone who has had to look for accommodation in this rural area knows what an impossible task it can be. And these people are poor, often illiterate, and ill. BKLW Hospital attempts to fill each family's needs.



